Honors Unit Two – Revolutionary War Era

**CAUSE/EFFECT**

1. CAUSE: American merchants’ search for non-British markets.

EFFECT:

1. CAUSE:

EFFECT: Washington led a military expedition to the West resulting in the battle at Fort Necessity.

1. CAUSE:

EFFECT: Heightened colonial anger and encouraged illegal westward expansion after the French and Indian War.

1. CAUSE: The Boston Tea Party

EFFECT:

1. CAUSE: The Intolerable Acts

EFFECT:

1. CAUSE:

EFFECT: American victory during the Revolution that brought French support for the United States

1. CAUSE: Thomas Paine’s *Common Sense*

EFFECT:

**Discussion Questions**

1. Explain how salutary neglect can be considered a cause of the American Revolution.
2. Why did Britain attempt to tighten control and create new taxes for the American colonies after 1763?
3. In what ways did the colonists show organization and the ability to express independence prior to the Revolution?
4. What advantages and disadvantages did the colonies have going into the Revolution?
5. What writings (essays, letters) had an influence before and during the war? In what ways did these impact the rebels?

**Terms – define the significance of each**

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| Bacon’s Rebellion | French and Indian War |
| Albany Congress | Proclamation Line of 1763 |
| Pontiac’s Rebellion | Salutary neglect |
| Sons of Liberty | Committees of Correspondence |
| Writs of assistance | First Continental Congress |
| Second Continental Congress | Battle of Bunker Hill |
| Nathanael Greene | Lord Cornwallis |
| Battle of Saratoga | Treaty of Paris  |
| Battle of Lexington and Concord | Valley Forge |
| Stamp Act Congress | Olive Branch Petition |
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